pypcd Documentation

Release 0.1.1

Daniel Maturana

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ONE

PYPCD

1.1 What?

Pure Python module to read and write point clouds stored in the PCD file format, used by the Point Cloud Library.

1.2 Why?

You want to mess around with your point cloud data without writing C++ and waiting hours for the template-heavy PCL code to compile.

You tried to get some of the Python bindings for PCL to compile and just gave up.

1.3 How does it work?

It parses the PCD header and loads the data (whether in ascii, binary or binary_compressed format) as a Numpy structured array. It creates an instance of the PointCloud class, containing the point cloud data as pc_data, and some convenience functions for I/O and metadata access. See the comments in pypcd.py for some info on the point cloud structure.

1.4 Example

```
import pypcd
# also can read from file handles.
pc = pypcd.PointCloud.from_path('foo.pcd')
# pc.pc_data has the data as a structured array
# pc.fields, pc.count, etc have the metadata
# center the x field
pc.pc_data['x'] -= pc.pc_data['x'].mean()
# save as binary compressed
pc.save_pcd('bar.pcd', compression='binary_compressed')
```

1.5 How to install

pip install pypcd

That's it! You may want to install optional dependencies such as pandas.

You can also clone this repo and use setup.py.

git clone https://github.com/dimatura/pypcd

Note that downloading data assets will require git-lfs.

1.6 Using with ROS

You can also use this library with ROS sensor_msgs, but it is *not* a dependency. You don't need to install this package with catkin – using *pip* should be fine – but if you want to it is possible:

Steps:

Then you can do something like this:

```
import pypcd
import rospy
from sensor_msgs.msg import PointCloud2
def cb(msg):
   pc = PointCloud.from_msg(msg)
   pc.save('foo.pcd', compression='binary_compressed')
   # maybe manipulate your pointcloud
   pc.pc_data['x'] *= -1
   outmsg = pc.to_msg()
   # you'll probably need to set the header
   outmsg.header = msg.header
   pub.publish(outmsg)
# ...
sub = rospy.Subscriber('incloud', PointCloud2)
pub = rospy.Publisher('outcloud', PointCloud2, cb)
rospy.init('pypcd_node')
rospy.spin()
```

1.7 Is it beautiful, production-ready code?

No.

1.8 What else can it do?

There's a bunch of functionality accumulated over time, much of it hackish and untested. In no particular order,

- Supports ascii, binary and binary_compressed data. The latter requires the lzf module.
- Decode and encode RGB into a single float 32 number. If you don't know what I'm talking about consider yourself lucky.
- Point clouds to pandas dataframes. This in particular is quite useful, since *pandas* is pretty powerful and makes various operations such as merging point clouds or manipulating values easy. Conceptually, data frames are a good match to the point cloud format, since many point clouds in reality have heterogeneous data types e.g. *x*, *y* and *z* are float fields but *label* is an int.
- Convert to and from ROS PointCloud2 messages. Requires the ROS sensor_msgs package with Python bindings installed. This functionality uses code developed by Jon Binney under the BSD license, included as numpy_pc2.py.

1.9 What can't it do?

There's no synchronization between the metadata fields in PointCloud and the data in pc_data. If you change the shape of pc_data without updating the metadata fields you'll run into trouble.

I've only used it for unorganized point cloud data (in PCD conventions, height=1), not organized data like what you get from RGBD. However, some things may still work.

While padding and fields with count larger than 1 seem to work, this is a somewhat ad-hoc aspect of the PCD format, so be careful. If you want to be safe, you're probably better off using neither – just name each component of your field something like FIELD_00, FIELD_01, etc.

It also can't run on Python 3, yet, but there's a PR to fix this that might get pulled in the near future.

1.10 It's slow!

Try using binary or binary_compressed; using ASCII is slow and takes up a lot of space, not to mention possibly inaccurate if you're not careful with how you format your floats.

1.11 I found a bug / I added a feature / I made your code cleaner

Thanks! You can submit a pull request. But honestly, I'm not too good at keeping up with my github :(

1.12 TODO

- Better API for various operations.
- Clean up, get rid of cruft.
- Add a cli for common use cases like file type conversion.
- Better support for structured point clouds, with tests.
- · Better testing.

- Better docs. More examples.
- More testing of padding
- Improve handling of multicount fields
- Better support for rgb nonsense
- Export to ply?
- Figure out if it's acceptable to use "pointcloud" as a single word.
- Package data assets in pypi?

1.13 Credits

The code for compressed point cloud data was informed by looking at Matlab PCL.

@wkentaro for some minor changes.

I used cookiecutter to help with the packaging.

The code in numpy_pc2.py was developed by Jon Binney under the BSD license for ROS.

1.14 I want to congratulate you / insult you

My email is dimatura@cmu.edu. Copyright (C) 2015-2017 Daniel Maturana

TWO

INSTALLATION

2.1 Stable release

To install pypcd, run this command in your terminal:

\$ pip install pypcd

This is the preferred method to install pyped, as it will always install the most recent stable release. If you don't have pip installed, this Python installation guide can guide you through the process.

2.2 From sources

The sources for pypcd can be downloaded from the Github repo.

You can either clone the public repository:

```
$ git clone git://github.com/dimatura/pypcd
```

Or download the tarball:

\$ curl -OL https://github.com/dimatura/pypcd/tarball/master

Once you have a copy of the source, you can install it with:

\$ python setup.py install

THREE

USAGE

To use pypcd in a project:

import pypcd

FOUR

HISTORY

4.1 0.1.0 (2018-03-15)

• First release on PyPI.

FIVE

INDICES AND TABLES

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